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The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung receives Comrade Chang Chun-chiao and talks with him

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives CPC Delegation and Meets and Converses with Its Head Comrade Chang Chun-chiao

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, received on September 24 the delegation of the Communist Party of China on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were head of the delegation Comrade Chang Chun-chiao, Member of the Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the CPC Central Committee, and its deputy head Comrade Keng Piao, Member of the CPC Central Committee and head of the International Liaison Department of the CPC Central Committee, and its members—Comrade Yang Chun-lu, Member of the CPC Central Committee and Secretary of the Liaoning Provincial Committee of the CPC; Comrade Li Yun-chuan, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the People's Republic of China to the DPRK; and Comrades Mao Pao-chung and Tien Shu-chien, Deputy Section Chiefs of the International Liaison Department of the CPC Central Committee.

Also on hand were Comrade Yang Hyong Sop, Member of the Political Committee, and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea; Comrade Li Yong Mu Member of the Political Committee of the CC of the WPK and Director of the General Political Bureau of the Korean People's Army; and Comrade Kim Yong Nam, Alternate Member of the Political Committee, and Secretary, of the CC of the WPK.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung cordially met the delegation and had a talk with it in an atmosphere overflowing with the feelings of militant amity and friendship.

After the reception the great leader posed for a photograph with the delegation.

On the same day he arranged a luncheon in honour of the delegation.

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The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK, met on Sept. 25 Comrade Chang Chun-chiao, Member of the Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the CC of the CPC, who is heading the CPC delegation on a visit to our country, and had a conversation with him.

The conversation proceeded in a comradely, sincere and friendly atmosphere.

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Chairman Han Dok Su, Head of Chongryon Delegation and Visits Quarters of the Delegation

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, granted on September 26 an audience to Comrade Han Dok Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), who is heading the delegation of Chongryon which is spending significant days in the socialist homeland.

Present on the occasion were Comrade Li Gye Baek, Vice-Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon, who is deputy head of the delegation and So Man Sul, Director of the Organizational Department of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon, who is member of the delegation.

Comrade Kim Yong Nam and personages concerned were on hand.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with Comrade Chairman Han Dok Su for a long time in a cordial atmosphere.

After the reception the great leader posed for a photograph with him.

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Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, visited on the evening of September 26 the quarters where the delegation of Chongryon is lodging, spending significant days in the socialist homeland.

As the great leader arrived at the quarters, head of the delegation Comrade Han Dok Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon; deputy head of the delegation Comrade Li Gye Baek, Vice-Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon; and the entire members of the delegation shouted at the top of their voice "Long live the great leader Marshal Kim Il Sung!" toward the fatherly leader, their both hands raised high.

The great leader warmly shook hands with Comrade Chairman Han Dok Su and members of the delegation one by one and had a talk in a cordial atmosphere and looked after their work and life with his parental affection.

The entire members of the delegation cherished deeper in their hearts the feelings of infinite reverence for the great leader who personally visited the quarters where the delegation is lodging and looked after their work and life with deep care though he was busy with leading the revolution and construction to victory, carrying the heavy burdens of our revolution on his shoulders, and hardened their determination to singleheartedly remain loyal to the fatherly leader.

The great leader had a picture taken with the entire members of the delegation.

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Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, arranged on September 28 a luncheon in honour of Comrade Li Gye Baek, Vice-Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) who had come to the homeland as deputy head of the delegation of Chongryon after attending the 62nd General Meeting of the Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) held in London as a member of the delegation of the parliamentary group of the DPRK, and was going back to Japan first.

Present on the occasion were head of the delegation of Chongryon Comrade Han Dok Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon, and the members of the delegation.

Also on hand were Comrades Pak Sung Chul, Kim Yong Nam and Chong Jun Gi and other personages concerned.

The luncheon proceeded in a cordial atmosphere.

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Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and people, and his wife arranged on September 29 a luncheon in honour of Comrade Han Dok Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon and head of Chongryon delegation.

The luncheon proceeded in a cordial atmosphere.

To International Conference of Solidarity with Peoples of Former Portuguese Colonies

Lourenco Marques

I extend warm congratulations and greetings to the International Conference of Solidarity with Peoples of Former Portuguese Colonies and the delegates to the conference, in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and in my own.

The conference being held with the attendance of many international organizations and the Asian and African regional organizations is of weighty significance in the common struggle of the Asian and African peoples to completely wipe out the colonial remnants in Africa, build a new united, prosperous and independent Africa and convert the Indian Ocean into a peace zone.

The Korean people heartily rejoice over the successes made by the people of former Portuguese colonies in the anti-imperialist national liberation struggle and fully support the just struggle of the Asian and African peoples for the consolidation of national independence and the independent development of their respective countries.

Convinced that the conference will greatly contribute to further strengthening the unity and solidarity of the Asian and African peoples in the struggle against imperialism, colonialism and racism and for achieving national liberation and world peace, I sincerely wish the conference fine successes in its work.

KIM IL SUNG

President
Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Pyongyang, September 25, 1975

TELEGRAMS

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Kim Il**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, sent messages respectively to the Party and government leaders of the People's Republic of China, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the Romanian Socialist Republic, the Bulgarian People's Republic, the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic, the Republic of Cuba, the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam, the German Democratic Republic, the Mongolian People's Republic, the Albanian People's Republic, the Polish People's Republic and the Hungarian People's Republic and to the leaders of the Republic of South Viet Nam, in reply to their messages of greetings which came on the occasion of the 27th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung** sent messages in reply also to the leaders of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, the Kingdom of Cambodia, the Republic of Guinea, Kuwait, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, the Republic of Indonesia, the Republic of Malta, the United Republic of Tanzania, the Republic of Malagasy, the Libyan Arab Republic, the People's Republic of Bangladesh, the Republic of Singapore, the Kingdom of Laos, the Arab Republic of Yemen, the Republic of Chad, the Somali Democratic Republic, the Republic of Zaire, the Republic of Senegal, the Republic of Togo, the Arab Republic of Egypt, the Republic of Dahomey, the Republic of India, the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic, the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma, the Republic of Argentina, the Republic of Afghanistan, the Republic of Iraq, the Democratic Republic of the Sudan, the Empire of Iran, the Republic of Upper Volta, the Republic of Guinea-Bissau, the Kingdom of Nepal, the Kingdom of Denmark, the Republic of Uganda, the Kingdom of Norway, the Republic of Zambia, the Republic of Rwanda, the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, the Republic of Sierra Leone, the Islamic Republic of Mauritania, the Republic of Mali, the Kingdom of Sweden, the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen, the United Republic of Cameroon, the Republic of Kenya, the People's Republic of the Congo, the Palestine Liberation Organization, the Republic of Finland and the Republic of Iceland.

In his reply to the President of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said that he availed himself of this opportunity to extend congratulations to Khandaker Moshtaque Ahmed for his assumption of office as the President and informed him that the DPRK Government decided to recognize the new government of Bangladesh.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, received a message from Comrade **Samora Moises Machel**, in reply to his message of greetings on the achievement of the national independence of Mozambique, the proclamation of the founding of the People's Republic of Mozambique to the world and the latter's assumption of office as President of the PRM.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received a message from **Ibrahim Nasir**, President of the Republic of the Maldive Islands, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the 10th anniversary of the independence of the Maldive Islands.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received a message from **Benjamin Henry Sheares**, President of the Republic of Singapore, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the 10th anniversary of the independence of the Republic of Singapore.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, and Comrade **Kim Il**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, sent a message of greetings to Comrade **Ton Duc Thang**, President of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam; Comrade **Le Duan**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Viet Nam Workers' Party; Comrade **Truong Chinh**, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the National Assembly of the DRVN; and Comrade **Pham Van Dong**, Premier of the Government of the DRVN, on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the DRVN.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Moammar al-Gaddafi**, Chairman of the Revolutionary Command Council of the Libyan Arab Republic, on the national holiday of the Libyan people.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Khalifa Bin Hamad Al-Thani**, Amir of the State of Qatar, on the occasion of the 4th anniversary of the independence of Qatar.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Urho Kekkonen**, President of the Republic of Finland, on his 75th birthday.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK, sent a message of greetings to **Moktar Ould Daddah**, upon the latter's reelection as General Secretary of the People's Party of Mauritania at the Fourth Congress of the PPM.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received messages of greetings from **Moussa Traore**, Head of State, Prime Minister of the Government and Chairman of the Military Committee of National Liberation of the Republic of Mali; **Yasser Arafat**, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization and General Commander of the Palestinian Revolutionary Forces; and **Gnassingbe Eyadema**, President of the Republic of Togo, in connection with the DPRK's admission to the non-alignment movement as full member.

✦ **The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea** sent a message of greetings to **the Central Committee of the Cuban Communist Party** on the 50th anniversary of the founding of Cuba's first Marxist-Leninist Party.

✦ **The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea** received a message of greetings from **the Central Committee of the Israeli Communist Party** on the 30th anniversary of the August 15th holiday when the Korean people were liberated from Japanese imperialist colonial rule.

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG's Immortal Classical Works Published in Many Countries

Collections of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's immortal classical works— "For the Independent, Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland" and "Answers to the Questions Raised by Foreign Journalists" — were brought out by the "Sanantie" Publishing House in Finland and the Norway-Korea Friendship Association respectively.

The preface to the collection published by the Norway-Korea Friendship Association points out that the book was put out on the 63rd birthday of Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and stresses:

President Kim Il Sung set out on the road of revolution in his early years, fathered the great Juche idea and brilliantly applied it to the reality of the Korean revolution.

Guided by the Juche idea and thoroughly embodying it in all fields of politics, economy and culture, the Korean people have attained great victories in the revolution and construction.

"Juche" Idea and Its Brilliant Victory", a collection of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's immortal classical works, was printed in Norwegian by the Norway-Korea Friendship Association and "Juche Idea and Korean Reunification Question" was published in the name of the World Peace Council by the "Sanantie" Publishing House in Finland and in Norwegian by the Norway-Korea Friendship Association respectively. And a collection "On Bringing About a Fresh Upswing in Socialist Economic Construction" was printed in Spanish by the "Rosinante" Publishing House in Venezuela and another collection "Duties of Literature and Arts in Our Revolution" by the "Bokabepos" Publishing House in Sweden.

The collection "Juche Idea and Korean Reunification Question" brought out by the Norway-Korea Friendship Association contains the immortal classical works of the respected and beloved leader: "Let Us Prevent a National Split and Reunify the Country," "On Some Problems of Our Party's Juche Idea and the Government of the Republic's Internal and External Policies", "On Immediate Political and Economic Policies of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and Some International Problems" and "Talk with the Executive Director and Chief Editor of Iwanami Publishing House in Japan". The collection "On Bringing About a Fresh Upswing in Socialist Economic Construction" printed in Venezuela contains the historic works of the great leader: "On Bringing About a Fresh Upswing in Socialist Economic Construction", "On the Character and Tasks of the Trade Unions in Socialist Society" and others.

Immortal classical works of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung are being brought out in pamphlet form in succession. His works "On the Situation of Our Country and Tasks of the League of Korean Youth in Japan" was issued in Urdu and Hindustani by the "Mosaic" Publishing House in India and its Danish edition came off the press in Denmark. "On the Duties of Educational Workers in the Upbringing of the Children and Youth" and "Socialist Constitution of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea" were printed by the "National" Publishing House in Singapore and the "Patrice Lumumba" Printing House in Guinea respectively. "The New-Emerging Forces Should Unite under the Banner of Independence against Imperialism" and "On Some Problems of Our Party's Juche Idea and the Government of the Republic's Internal and External Policies" authored by the leader were printed in Finnish by the "Kurusibi" Publishing House in Finland and in Urdu by the People's Publishing House in Pakistan. His works "Let Us Prevent a National Split and Reunify the Country" and "The Peoples of the Third World Who Advance under the Uplifted Banner of Independence Will Certainly Win Their Revolutionary Cause" were issued by a publishing house in Switzerland. His work "Let Us Further Promote the Building of Socialism by Vigorously Carrying Out the Three Revolutions" was printed under the joint name of the Denmark-Korea Friendship Association and the Jeno Publishing House and the same work by the Norway-Korea Friendship Association. "All Efforts to Attain the Goal of Eight Million Tons of Grain" and "Let Us Further Promote the Building of Socialism by Vigorously Carrying Out the Three Revolutions" were printed by the "Smrit" Publishing House in Nepal and "Let Us Prevent a National Split and Reunify the Country" was brought out by the "Al Maarif" Printing House in Morocco.

The collections and pamphlets carry the august portraits of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

A collection containing immortal classical works of the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung came off the press in Venezuela.

The collection carries his works "Let Us Further Promote the Building of Socialism by Vigorously Carrying Out the Three Revolutions", "On the Character and Tasks of the Trade Unions in Socialist Society", etc.

The leader's immortal classical works, "Let Us Prevent a National Split and Reunify the Country" and "Let Us Further Consolidate and Develop the Great Successes Achieved in the Building of a Socialist Countryside", were brought out in Sierra Leone and by the Victory Publishing House in Iraq respectively.

Delegation of Communist Party of China Headed by Comrade Chang Chun-chiao Visits Our Country

The delegation of the Communist Party of China headed by Comrade Chang Chun-chiao, Member of the Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, paid a visit to our country from September 21 to 27 at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

On September 24, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK, received the delegation and gave a luncheon. On September 25, he met the head of delegation and had a talk with him.

The CC of the WPK gave a banquet in honour of the delegation on September 21.

Invited to the banquet were the members of the CPC delegation headed by Comrade Chang Chun-chiao, Member of the Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the CC of the CPC.

Present at the banquet were Comrade Kim Dong Gyu, Member of the Political Committee, and Secretary, of the CC of the WPK and Vice-President of the DPRK, and cadres of our Party and government and personages concerned.

That day the delegation inspected Mangyongdae, the cradle of revolution.

It looked around the native home in Mangyongdae where the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was born and spent his childhood, fostering grand aspirations for revolution.

During their stay in Korea, the guests visited the Korea-China Friendship Taegam Cooperative Farm, the Kumsong Tractor Plant, the National Economy Institute, the Red-Flag Mangyongdae Revolutionary School and the Pyongyang Students and Children's Palace.

Everywhere they went, they were accorded an enthusiastic welcome and a cordial hospitality.

The delegation expressed deep admiration over the great victories our people are achieving in the revolution and construction under the wise leadership of the great leader

(Continued on Page 2)

The Leader of the People

A Story to Be Handed Down for Long with Mt. Chonma-san

It was on June 17, 1952 when the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung himself visited the Central Party School (the predecessor of the present Kim Il Sung High Party School) which stood at the foot of Mt. Chonma-san in North Pyongan Province. The Fatherland Liberation War was then raging and world-wide attention was focussed on Korea.

Soon after the country's liberation the great leader took measures to build the Central Party School before anything else in the difficult and complex situation. He regarded it as the fundamental issue affecting the future of the revolution to train cadres who constitute the hard core elements of the Party and the commanding personnel of the revolution. During the war he saw that the school was evacuated to a safety zone in the rear. But this wasn't enough to reassure him. So, he paid a visit in person.

Words failed to express the emotion and joy of the teachers and students when they met the great leader who was so dear to their hearts.

He had travelled 200 km-long distance along the steep and rugged path, forcing his way through the enemy's bombing. But without allowing himself even a short time to banish the fatigue he had discussions over the work of the school with its faculty members till the night far advanced. The early morning that followed found him starting to inspect the school.

The fatherly leader dropped in at the students' mess hall first, where he acquired a detailed grasp of how meals were served and even had a taste of the boiled rice and side dish on the table.

Then, he looked round the rooms in a students' hostel, lecture rooms and library, had conversations with the students and saw a class at work.

The fatherly leader, who always cherished as warm a regard for the commanding personnel of the revolution as for something worth its weight in gold, showed a meticulous concern for the life and work of the faculty members and students. He decided to provide the school with two trucks for supply service as well as with school things and daily necessities, though time was hard and the shortage made itself felt in everything under the wartime conditions.

The great leader explained our Party's policy for victory in the war to all the faculty members and students in a lecture hall and gave them a highly important teaching that would serve as the guiding principle in the work of the Party school.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said to this effect:

The Party school of ours should not confine itself to instructing cadres in pure "theory" but bring them up into political activists who are possessed of living knowledge in combination with practice... What is important in the school education is to ceaselessly temper the Party spirit of the students and imbue them with national pride, firm conviction of sure victory and burning hatred against the enemy, so as to make them the workers infinitely faithful to our Party.

Laying special emphasis on the need to thoroughly establish Juche in educational work, the leader taught that the work of training cadres should be improved and strengthened in line with the prevailing situation.

After school was over, he added, the faculty members and students should go out to the nearby Chonma Mine and farm villages to propagandize the Party's policies among the people and inform them of the situation while teaching the Party cell workers how to carry on Party work.

He stressed that all should take an active part in the school management in a manner befitting its masters, live an intense life to suit the wartime situation and bravely overcome all difficulties and hardships by displaying the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance.

The great leader was leading a busy life with the destiny of the country on his shoulders but found time to visit the school and spent long hours in looking after its work as a whole. Encouraged by his warm affection and solicitude, all the faculty members and students reaffirmed their determination to prepare themselves as the revolutionary fighters immensely loyal to him.

It was indeed thanks to the tender love and care of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and to his wise leadership that the Central Party School could contribute to the victory in the war by successfully training many into the commanding personnel of the revolution under the difficult wartime conditions and develop into a reliable centre for Party cadres training as it is today.

The historic house associated with the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's revolutionary activities

It Is Glorious Duty of Those Scientists Who Love Truth to Widely Disseminate at Home and Abroad Immortal Juche Idea Founded by the Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Kaoru Yasui (Japan)

Professor of the Hosei University, Japan, and Doctor of Law Kaoru Yasui, Chairman of the Japan-Korea Solidarity Committee of Social Scientists, who was leading its delegation to Korea, made a speech at a meeting of Pyongyang working people which was held in honour of the delegation.

In his speech he expressed profound respects and thanks in the name of the delegation and himself to President Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader of the Korean people, great Marxist-Leninist of our time and founder of the immortal Juche idea, and reverentially wished him good health and a long life.

The Japan-Korea Solidarity Committee of Social Scientists which was founded on September 6, 1972 has made incessant efforts in the form of regular study meetings and in various other ways to promote Japan-Korea friendship and, in my report to the "National Scientific Forum on the Juche Idea" in October last year, I proclaimed the system of ideas and theories with the immortal Juche idea of respected President Kim Il Sung as its quintessence to be Kimilsungism and expressed my resolution widely to propagate and disseminate great Kimilsungism at home and abroad, he said, and emphasized:

Great Kimilsungism with the immortal Juche idea as its quintessence is a universal truth with which not only the Korean people but also all the progressive people and revolutionary people of the world living in our era, the era of Juche, must arm themselves firmly and it is a glorious duty of the scientists who love truth to widely propagate and disseminate it at home and abroad.

He said that in nearly 50 years since he became acquainted with Marxism-Leninism, he had learnt a lot from the historic heritages left by the founders of Marxism-Leninism, but he had always felt something wanting in the course of his study and meditation.

He went on:

This sense of dissatisfaction of mine was dispelled when I learned the system of ideas and theories with the immortal Juche idea of President Kim Il Sung as its quintessence. **Because Kimilsungism is Marxism-Leninism of the time in which I live and it gives clear answers to the problems of my study and meditation with encyclopedic width, depth and richness. I express unbounded respects and thanks to the great President for this.**

Kimilsungism is not merely the inheritance and development of Marxism-Leninism, but it has originality different from the former in the content of each idea and theory and in its composition itself. The originality finds expression, among other things, in such basic problems of philosophy as the corelations of material and consciousness.

Needless to say, Marxist-Leninist dialectical materialism insists on the primacy of material to consciousness. But the relations between them change, dependent upon the historic conditions of each stage. The positive and active role of consciousness is very important at the stage where the struggle to transform nature and society is waged purposefully as in our time, that is, at the stage of Juche era. As regards this basic question of philosophy, Kimilsungism cleared up my doubt of many years and freed me completely from the dogmatism of the past. I am heartily thankful for this.

I take this opportunity to lay stress on how important it is for respected President Kim Il Sung to have clearly taught even the most profound, fundamental problems of philosophy in easy and plain terms understandable to everyone.

Therefore, all the people arm themselves with great Kimilsungism and get invincible strength from it.

Saying that it is necessary to make a detailed examination of the superiority of the socialist system under the circumstances in which the forms and contents of the socialist system are becoming diversified, he noted:

The socialist system of the DPRK has incomparable superiority as clear from its complete abolition of taxation carried out earlier than any other countries. It is a model of socialism. During my visit to the DPRK I become convinced deeper of this and have gained clearer understanding that the motive power which brought this superiority is, in the final analysis, ascribable to the wise leadership of President Kim Il Sung over the masses.

It is of great importance to elucidate the theory and method of mass leadership in the era of Juche in which the popular masses act as the master of history, unlike the time when the founders of Marxism-Leninism lived.

President Kim Il Sung has given a perfect answer to this and is putting it into practice. This should be called the art of mass leadership.

What I admire particularly is that the brilliant perspicacity of the respected President who penetrates the very essence of things even under very complex circumstances and correctly foresees the future is given the fullest scope in mass leadership. I am firmly convinced that this has led the Korean people to the victory and glory of today.

I have long continued study and meditation as to the essence of politics and the mode of the exercise of power. The focal point was how the exercise of power and kindness should be linked together. It is my great pleasure that I found its solution on the highest level in the Republic.

Politics of the respected President is warm and tender-hearted one which has nothing to do with oppressive power politics.

In this warm and tender-hearted politics the incomparable superiority of the socialist system of the Republic is found, and this is the source of its invincible vitality.

If there are people in the world who do not believe the incomparable superiority of the socialist system of the DPRK, the best way of correcting their error is to come to this country and see the reality of politics here with their naked eyes.

They will surely realize that great Kimilsungism with the immortal Juche idea as its quintessence is vividly embodied in all things.

Noting that great Kimilsungism with the immortal Juche idea as its quintessence elucidated the idea on the liberation of men as the master of nature and society, he said:

Marx defined man as the entity of the social relations and clarified that man is restricted by social relations and class relations. But, President Kim Il Sung defined man as the social being to whom independence is the very life, thus expounding the social nature of man who plays the leading role in the world.

The Juche idea lays particular emphasis on the fact that man is the master of nature and society and I think that the question of man being the master of himself is included in the Juche idea.

He continued:

In some countries of the world now, the spiritual desolation of man has reached the extreme.

The question of how to get rid of this spiritual desolation is an important task confronting mankind.

I place great hope in the Korean revolution advancing under the banner of great Kimilsungism, expecting that it will brightly illumine the road of human history not only in the aspect of epochal social revolution but also in the aspect of human revolution and actively push it forward toward the 21st century.

In these four points, I have elaborated on my views on great Kimilsungism with the immortal Juche idea as its quintessence. In a word, Kimilsungism, the guiding idea, guiding theory and guiding method in the era of Juche in which we live is a universal truth whose judiciousness is without parallel in the world in the basic principle of philosophy and its embodiment, and with which the progressive people of the capitalist countries and revolutionary people, to say nothing of the fighting people of the third world, must firmly arm themselves.

As a scientist who loves truth, I deem it a glorious duty to propagandize and disseminate great Kimilsungism within and without.

During my stay in Korea, he said, I heard the happy news that the DPRK was admitted to the non-alignment movement at the Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-aligned States held in Lima.

This historic event clearly showed that the international prestige of the DPRK has risen and that the militant solidarity and revolutionary unity among the third world countries on which President Kim Il Sung has laid particular emphasis of late are being strengthened each day.

Decadent imperialism is now collapsing with a terrific sound and the third world which has grown through a fierce struggle has become the great motive force propelling human history as a powerful anti-imperialist revolutionary force of our time.

The machinations of the south Korean reactionary forces came a cropper at the Lima Conference and their ugly colour was revealed to the whole world.

The result of the Lima Conference will certainly have a great influence on the 30th UN General Assembly close at hand.

The UN has committed many grave mistakes on the question of Korea in the past.

I sincerely hope that this year the UN General Assembly will take a correct course, reflecting the current developments of the situation surrounding the DPRK and the great successes made by respected President Kim Il Sung in his historic visits to Asian, African and European countries.

Pointing out that respected President Kim Il Sung advanced as the clear guiding compass the three major tasks for the accomplishment of the historic cause of national reunification, he continued:

The three major tasks put forward by President Kim Il Sung are tasks assigned to the Korean people.

They are precious assets when we think on the basis of Juche as to what we should do for the realization of the reunification of Korea on the stand of the Japanese people.

In this connection the Japanese people have a lot of work to do. But, the point on which we should concentrate efforts is to bring a switchover in the Korean policy of the Japanese reactionary forces which are stuck to the US imperialists and the south Korean reactionary forces.

It is an obligation of the Japanese people to the Korean people at least to keep the Japanese reactionary forces from laying obstacles in the way of Korea's reunification.

He expressed the determination of the Japan-Korea Solidarity Committee of Social Scientists to make every possible effort in support of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

He said:

I will make a deep study of great Kimilsungism with the immortal Juche idea as its quintessence with a humble attitude of invariably obeying truth, always adhering to the steadfast principle of Juche, and draw precious lessons from this, establish our own ideological and theoretical system suitable to the historical conditions and national peculiarities of Japan and thus contribute to the development of history.

He concluded his speech with the shout "Long live immortal Juche idea, Great Kimilsungism!"

30 YEARS
Under the Banner of the Party

Brilliant Victory of Our Party's Foreign Policy

The thirty years that passed after the founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea was a proud period, indeed. During this period our Party and our people under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung not only brought about epoch-making changes continuously in the revolutionary struggle and construction work but also won the most brilliant victory in external activity.

The history of our country spans 5,000 years, but never before have our people lived so happily as today, displaying the might of the fatherland before the whole world and earning the respect of the world people.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"Our Party's independent and principled foreign policy has won the support of many fraternal parties and countries, numerous revolutionary organizations and people of the world and has further consolidated our country's international position. We have come to have a large number of revolutionary comrades and friends internationally and our revolution's international solidarity is being steadily cemented."

Thanks to the thorough implementation of our Party's independent foreign policy guided by the great Juche idea of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung the international position of our country has risen incomparably and the international solidarity with our revolution strengthened consistently.

In external activities our Party and the Government of the Republic have invariably maintained the line of firmly defending independence and developing state, political, economic, cultural relations with all countries of the world which are friendly toward our country, on the principles of equality and mutual benefit.

The foreign policy of our Party and the Government of the Republic put forward by the great leader is enlisting the active support of many countries, because it is independent, principled and fair.

Our country now maintains official state relations with over 90 countries, big and small, including the socialist countries and the third world countries and, admitted to over 140 international organizations, is striving hard for a durable peace of the world and for human progress.

It is an irresistible trend of our time that more and more countries in the world want to establish friendly state relations with our Republic.

This finds a vivid expression in the fact that in spite of the vicious blockade manoeuvres of US imperialism to internationally isolate and suffocate our Republic more than 40 countries on the five continents newly established diplomatic relations with our country in the recent 2 to 3 years alone.

Excepting the United States and some other reactionary countries, all countries of the world have established good relations with our country. Even some countries which were unfriendly toward our country in the past have now changed their policy and try to have friendly relations with us.

In the meantime, a large number of countries are now following the direction in which they decisively break off or ignore diplomatic relations with the south Korean puppets, the most despicable lackeys of US imperialism, devoid of any independence.

In particular, the Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-aligned States held in Lima in August, attracting the attention of the whole world, unanimously decided to admit the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the non-alignment movement as a full member and categorically rejected the so-called "application for membership in the non-alignment movement" submitted by the south Korean puppet clique.

This proves again that the international position of the Republic is rising day by day, whereas the south Korean puppet clique are now reduced to a miserable status of "international orphan", forsaken by the world people.

As the prestige of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and the international position of our country rise greatly and our Republic prospers and develops under his wise leadership, the number of foreign friends visiting our country is also on the increase.

In recent years alone, heads of Party, state and government of many countries, delegations, personages of international organizations and political and public circles and men of the press came to our country.

They were unanimous in actively supporting our Party's independent foreign policy and evincing their adamant resolve to further develop state relations with our country and strengthen the friendly and cooperative relations among the peoples.

Along with the rising of the international position of our Party and the Republic, our revolution's international solidarity has also been strengthened incomparably.

The international solidarity movement supporting our righteous struggle for national reunification is gaining in strength as the days go by and the voices of the world people demanding the withdrawal of the US imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea and the independent solution of the Korean question by the Korean people themselves are mounting incessantly.

At the UN General Assembly and other international conferences, representatives of many countries including socialist and third world countries fully support the three principles and five-point policy for national reunification clarified by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and scathingly condemn the US imperialists and their lackeys for their manoeuvres to create "two Koreas".

Every year the progressive people the world over institute the "month of anti-US joint struggle for the withdrawal of the US imperialist aggressor army from south Korea" and the "month of solidarity with the Korean people" and hold functions of solidarity on a world-wide scale to support our people's cause of independent, peaceful reunification.

The Korean people are very proud of having many revolutionary comrades and friends supporting us in all parts of the world.

The rising of the international position of our country and the strengthening of our revolution's international solidarity today owe entirely to the sagacious leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Especially, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's recent visits to the People's Republic of China and African and European countries at the head of the DPRK Party and government delegation made a great contribution to the strengthening of the unity and cohesion of the socialist countries and the international communist movement, the promotion of the co-operation and militant solidarity with the third world countries and non-aligned states and the acceleration of the common cause of anti-imperialism and independence.

Our people will as ever make all efforts to strengthen the unity with the revolutionary people and the progressive people of the world and further develop the relations of friendship and co-operation with them, holding high the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialist struggle and the banner of independence.

Chin Bang Hun

(Continued from Page 1)

Comrade Kim Il Sung.

A grand Pyongyang mass rally was held at the People's Palace of Culture on September 26 in honour of the delegation.

Put in place of honour on the platform were a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our people, and a portrait of Comrade Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people.

They were flanked by national flags of the two countries.

The meeting hall shook with the loud shouts of slogans "Long live the great leader of the Korean people Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the great leader of the Chinese people Comrade Mao Tsetung!"

At the meeting Kang Hyon Su, Chief Secretary of the Pyongyang City Committee of the WPK, and Comrade Chang Chun-chiao, head of the delegation, made speeches.

In his speech Comrade Chang Chun-chiao said:

Comrade General Secretary Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the Korean people and a close comrade-in-arms of the Chinese people, received our delegation, arranged a luncheon and gave most cordial and friendly words to us. This is an expression of special solicitude for our delegation. We extend most heartfelt thanks to Comrade Kim Il Sung and the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people for this.

He continued:

The successful visit to our country of a Korean Party and government delegation led by Comrade Kim Il Sung is of very great significance in further strengthening the traditional friendship between the two parties, two countries and two peoples of China and Korea and in the revolutionary cause of our two countries and in the common struggle in the international arena. The Communist Party of China and the Chinese people are greatly inspired by this and are very glad of this.

Expressing firm solidarity with the righteous struggle of our people for independent national reunification, he said:

The Communist Party of China and the Chinese people consider that Korea's reunification must be realized on the basis of the principles and policy advanced by Comrade Kim Il Sung and hold that the Korean question must be solved by the Korean people themselves under all circumstances without foreign interference.

On the 23rd, the delegation visited Nampo, a port city of culture and rest.

In Nampo a grand mass rally was held and a mass gymnastic display "Great Friendship, Militant Unity" was performed by more than 30,000 youth, students and children in the city in welcome of the delegation.

On the same day the South Pyongan Provincial Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea gave a banquet in honour of the delegation.

During their sojourn in Korea, the delegation members saw the revolutionary opera "A True Daughter of the Party" and the song and dance ensemble given by our artists in their honour.

On the 22nd the delegation laid wreaths before the Monument to the Fallen Fighters of the People's Army, the Friendship Tower and the Liberation Obelisk respectively.

Prior to its departure for home after the successful winding up of its itinerary in Korea, the CPC delegation arranged a banquet on the 26th.

In his speech at the banquet, Chang Chun-chiao, head of the delegation, dwelt upon the friendship of the peoples of Korea and China sealed in blood through the struggle for realizing the common goal, and said:

No matter what may happen in the world in the future, the two parties and two peoples of China and Korea will unite firm forever and struggle and win victory together.

Indeed, the whole course of the CPC delegation's visit to our country demonstrated the invincible might of the noblest and firmest friendship and solidarity between the two parties and peoples of Korea and China sealed in blood through the anti-imperialist common struggle and showed the firm determination of the two peoples to add lustre to the traditional relations of friendship forever.

Plenary Session of 30th UN General Assembly Adopts Our Side's Joint Draft Resolution Proposed by 42 Member States As Agenda Item

The 30th Session of the UN General Assembly opened at the UN headquarters on September 16, according to a report from New York.

At the General Committee of the Session which discussed the agenda of the General Assembly on September 17, it was decided with overwhelming votes, 17 for and zero against, to recommend the adoption of "On the Creation of Favourable Conditions for Converting the Armistice into a Durable Peace in Korea and Accelerating the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea" jointly proposed by 42 UN member nations as an agenda item of the General Assembly.

The General Committee also adopted a proposal of Senegal for discussing at the Political Committee the draft resolution of our side jointly sponsored by 42 UN member nations before the "resolution" proposed by the United States and its followers, in the forthcoming debate on the Korean question there, turning down the proposal for discussing the "draft resolution" of the US side first.

Reporting the results of the discussion of the agenda concerning the Korean question at the General Committee, the foreign press noted in unison that this was a victory of the side of our Republic at the current UN General Assembly and a defeat to the US side.

On September 19 the Plenary Session of the 30th UN General Assembly unanimously adopted the motion of the General Committee on including in the agenda of the General Assembly the item "On the Creation of Favourable Conditions for Converting the Armistice into a Durable Peace in Korea and Accelerating the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea" jointly proposed by 42 UN member states.

(KCNA)

Another Bountiful Crop Visits Korean Countryside: the Result of the Leader's Well-advised Guidance

Song of Bumper Crop Reverberates over Chaeryong Plain

SOME time ago, I visited the Chaeryong Plain, a main grain-producing centre.

I could feast my eyes on the vast expanse of fields which were rolling with golden ears of rice and the harvesters which were reaping rice.

A fruitful year of rice came everywhere on the plain, including Sinchon, Anak and Chaeryong counties. The per *chongbo* yield of rice is expected to be two tons greater than that of last year on the Saenal and Paeksok co-op farms in Sinchon county, the Oguk Co-op Farm in Anak county and many other co-op farms.

I first dropped in at Chaeryong county seat located in the centre of the plain to meet the chief agronomist of the county co-operative farm management committee. The first topic of our conversation was about the result of this year's farming. To this he said: "Thanks to the wise guidance and profound solicitude of the fatherly leader many co-op farms in the county will produce this year two tons more of rice than last year per *chongbo* on the average."

We soon left the office for the Pukji Co-op Farm. We made our way through paddy fields. Rice plants grew so thickly that it was difficult to walk along the foot-path.

On the plot we happened to meet the chairman of the management board of the co-op farm.

Touching upon this year's farming, he said this way:

"This is the biggest bumper crop on this plain. This year the spring came round late and the autumn began earlier than usual, badly influencing the growth of rice. But we could surmount it and have a bountiful crop as we see today, because we employed the Juche-based farming method as taught by the leader."

Then the chief agronomist put in. He began explaining how co-op farmers in the county strove to reap a rich crop.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"On the agricultural front, we must continue to wage a vigorous struggle, never slackening the spirit with which we captured the grain height of the Six-Year Plan, so that we will scale the grain height of eight million tons this year."

Taking to heart the leader's teaching, the agricultural working people in the county turned out as one to prevent the influence of cold front and gather a bountiful crop this year.

As instructed by the leader, the co-op farmers in this county whose main occupation is rice cultivation strove hard to apply fast-growing varieties suited to the soil conditions and introduce cold-bed rice seedlings 100 per cent in order to prevent crop from being affected by the cold front.

It was not an easy job to introduce cold-bed rice seedlings 100 per cent, because it required huge manpower and materials. But, greatly inspired by the solicitude of the fatherly leader who made sure that a huge amount of materials for cold bed including vinyl chloride sheets and machines were supplied without delay, farmers planted the seeds at proper time and tended rice seedlings on scientific and technical basis, overcoming unfavourable weather conditions of the early spring when the temperature was low. Their efforts yielded good results. Rice seedlings grew strong and they were bedded out in time.

They also undertook projects on the improvement of cold moist fields and acidified land. In addition to a large amount of domestic manure, they applied more than one ton of chemical fertilizers per *chongbo*.

"This year's bumper crop cannot be even thought of without the perfect irrigation system set up on this plain under the leader's guidance", the chief agronomist said, and added:

"During the rice transplanting season the plain was hit by a heavy drought and at a time when ears of rice were all out, it was attacked by an unusual torrential rain.

"But thanks to the pumping facilities enough to supply 432 tons of water to the Chaeryong Plain and other paddy fields in South Hwanghae Province per second and drain off 343 tons of water per second and to the ramified network of irrigation channels, we could water the paddy fields promptly and protect crops well."

We went to the Sinhanpo Co-op Farm via the fields of the Raerim and Samjigang co-op farms rolling with heavy ears of rice crop in the autumn wind.

Farmers were busy gathering in rice.

The chief agronomist said: "Another secret of the increase of the yield this year is that all farm work was done in good time and with great care. All farm work is done timely and effectively, because it has all been mechanized from tillage to thrashing."

I was delighted to see harvesters which were moving about here and there nimbly and gathering crops in a flash.

A harvester operator told me that this machinery manufactured by our workers could do the job on more than 3 *chongbo* of paddies a day.

His words suggested that this co-op farm could finish harvesting in a few days.

The level of mechanization in all co-op farms on the Chaeryong Plain is, I was told, as good as that of the Sinhanpo Co-op Farm.

Here in the Chaeryong Plain which is visited by a bumper crop every year, not affected by any unfavourable weather conditions, I could see the great vitality of the socialist rural theses authored by the great leader and the Juche-based farming method created by him.

The song of pledging allegiance to the fatherly leader and the song of bumper harvest resound all over the plain where a rich crop has been produced thanks to the worthwhile struggle of farmers to greet the 30th anniversary of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea as a great festival of proud victors.

Sim Nung Mok

Rich Fruit Harvest

THIS year an unprecedented bumper harvest of fruit has visited the Onchon Fruit-growing Farm with an area of 1,000 odd *chongbo*, situated in our western coastal area.

Now picking of fruit is in full swing here.

Every tree is heavily laden with apples or pears. Apple trees are with full bearing, yields per tree in some trees amounting to over 5,000.

There are many apple orchards which produce over 60 tons per *chongbo*.

An average harvest per *chongbo* has further increased than previous years and the area of newly-bearing orchards expanded. It is expected that yields of autumn fruit this year will be 2.8 times that in 1971. This means that this year's plan for fruit output will be fulfilled by 1.7 times.

In this farm great success was already made in the production of early-ripening apples, peaches, plums, cherries and grapes. This year the output will show an increase of 3 times as against 1971.

This achievement is, of course, attributable to the wise leadership and deep solicitude of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who is directing increased attention to the development of fruit-growing.

After having established a great base for fruit-growing in Onchon, he visited there on more than 10 occasions, teaching the farmers concrete measures to plant various kinds of saplings suitable for climate and natural features and ways for scientific and technical management. He also took a step to send a large number of machines.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"We should not just plant fruit trees but should take good care of them. Existing fruit trees should be tended carefully so that various kinds of fruits are turned out abundantly in all local areas, according to the season."

Inspired by his teaching, fruit growers gave a primary attention to the scientific and technical management of orchards.

They introduced a new method of pruning in accordance with climatic conditions and botanical characteristics in order to influence growth and fruitfulness of trees.

A new method of pollination was applied and various improvements were introduced in fertilization.

Meanwhile, greater efforts went into mechanization to make the work more efficient.

All this contributed to gathering in a record harvest.

A good harvest is not confined to the Onchon Fruit-growing Farm alone. The same success is noted in other orchards throughout the country. This year the output of early-ripening fruits was three times compared with 1970 and the total fruit output will be over two times that in the said year.

Han Myong Su

Filled with joy over bumper harvest, members of the Ryongrim Co-op Farm in Mundok county strive to gather in rice

At the Pyongyang Fruit-growing Farm
Photo by Chong Ui Ryol

Big Success in Maize Production

Another bumper harvest has visited Kaechon county in an intermediary area of our country.

Fields as well as low hills and sloping areas are thickly covered with maize.

Every face of harvesters beams with joy.

Maize cultivation is successful notably in Oeso, Ryongjin and Pobu cooperative farms in this county. The weight of each spike ranges from 150 to 200 grams on an average.

It is estimated that yields per *chongbo* will reach 8-10 tons and 15 tons in some fields.

This year in this county the total maize output will be equivalent to the gross grain output last year.

Maize production is bountiful particularly in the Ryongjin Cooperative Farm. Its output alone will entitle this farm to have the honour of fulfilling its grain production plan assigned by the state. Grain output this year is expected to grow over 2 times as against last year.

The great success made in maize production is entirely due to the wise guidance of the fatherly leader and it is the splendid fruit of the great Juche-based farming method created by him.

This year he visited this county on several occasions and showed the farmers the ways and means of better cultivation of maize.

In his guidance in the Ryongjin Cooperative Farm on February 6 this year, the fatherly leader encouraged farmers saying that Kaechon county should lead the van in maize cultivation this year and that they should set a fine example in maize cultivation.

His visit was followed by the supply of a number of tractors, trucks and other farm implements and various kinds of fertilizers. He also saw to it that more machines than last year were working on the fields.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"To increase the output of maize, we must strictly observe the principle of the right crop on the right soil and the right crop at the right time, plant new first filial generation of maize and produce decayed soil through a mass movement so as to carry through the task of applying 200 grammes of this soil to each maize plant."

With a determination to carry through the leader's teaching with full credit the entire agricultural working people of the county plunged themselves to the preparations for farming with full vigor from early spring.

Particular attention was paid to overcoming the influence of cold front in accordance with the leader's instruction.

Humus-pot seedlings were introduced in the entire fields under maize cultivation, nearly 1.5 times greater than last year.

The principle of the right crop on the right soil and the right crop at the right time was observed and early-ripening varieties of maize were planted. At the same time, projects of improving hundreds of *chongbo* of cold moist land were undertaken.

The transplanting of 500 million plants of maize this spring, nearly 3 times that in the previous year, was completed in a very short space of time. Behind this fine job was farmers' eagerness to implement without fail the on-the-spot teaching of the fatherly leader.

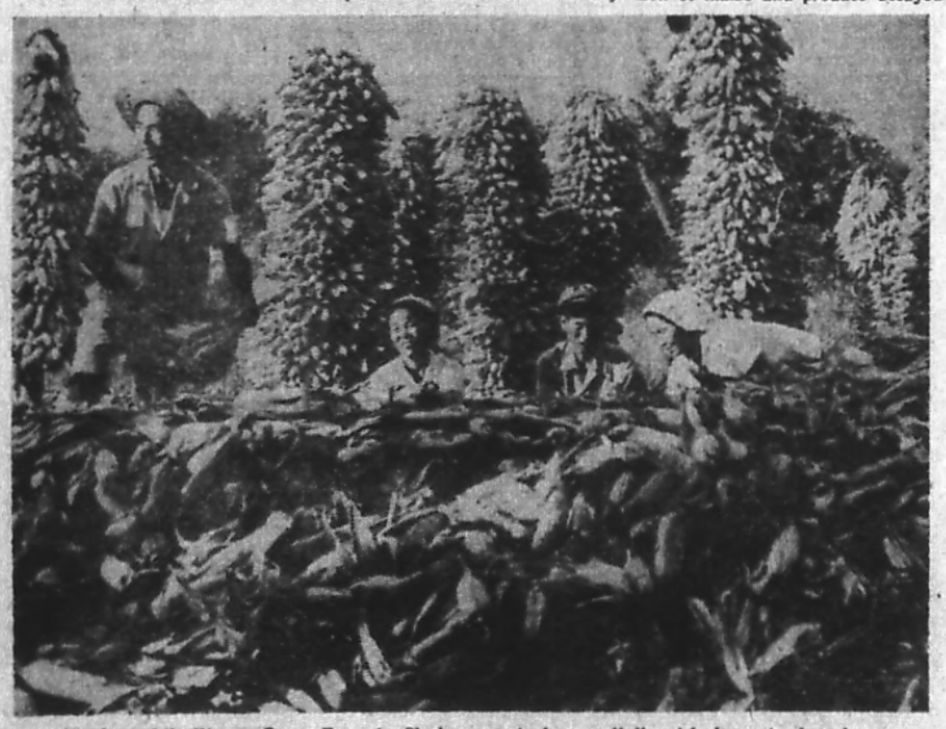
According to the newly-established system of cultivation farmers there planted 2-3 more plants per *pyong* than usual and boosted the amount of humus soil and manure applied per *chongbo* to 40-50 tons on an average and 70 tons at maximum.

Big efforts were made to put crop cultivation on a scientific footing and fertilizers of three elements were applied in conformity with the scientific and technological data.

All these efforts have brought about another bountiful harvest this year, despite of unfavourable weather conditions.

Now maize harvesting is at its height. All machines are set in motion to carry the job to success at the earliest possible date. By so doing, the agricultural working people of this county will decorate the coming October festival with their gift permeated with the feeling of loyalty.

Han Su Chon



Members of the Wonam Co-op Farm in Sinchon county keep well the rich harvest of maize
Photo by Choe Gyong

Pagyon Falls

In Sansong-ri 24 kilometres away from Kaesong, there is the Pagyon Falls, one of the three major waterfalls of Korea.

Rivulets whose source is in Mts. Chonma-san and Songgo-san empty their waters into the Pagyon Pond in Mt. Taehongsan, where the water falls in torrents from the edge of a precipice 40 metres high.

Crystal-clear waterfall gushing over the fantastically-shaped cliff presents a wonderful view. There is an old legend that fairies descended here.

At the foot of the cliff is a big pond 40 metres across. This pond is called Komodam from olden times. Here our working people spend their holidays enjoying boating, a manifestation of the great care shown by the fatherly leader.

The waterfall presents a view of the Milky Way. Waters break into white foams sending up a myriad of jewelly sprays and a beautiful rainbow is formed over the pond.

This waterfall is encompassed on all sides by Mts. Chonma-san and Songgo-san, one of the wonders of the animal and plant kingdom.

The place is inhabited by tristram's woodpeckers native to Korea and scores of species of fauna including Korean tiger and roe deer. These are protected by the state. Wild *insam*, rhododendron, tractylis ovata and many other medicinal plants also grow there.

In former days this scenic spot had been used as an amusement centre for the rich men and influential officials in Kaesong and Seoul. But the spot was inaccessible to the working people.

It was not until Kaesong came under the embrace of the Republic that the Pagyon Falls turned into a recreation centre for the working people.

In August 1957, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung visited this place during his on-the-spot guidance in Kaesong area. He instructed that the place should be equipped with better facilities, so that the working people could enjoy their holiday to their hearts' content. He also saw to it that bus service was introduced between Kaesong and Pagyon.

Under the fatherly leader's care, Pagyon has turned into a well-equipped holiday resort. Every year it draws an increasing number of holiday-makers.

Chu Ji Su

The Key to Solution of Korean Question: Pullout of US Imperialist Aggressor Troops from South Korea

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed out:

"A prerequisite for the independent settlement of the question of Korean reunification without foreign interference is that the US troops must be withdrawn from south Korea."

The occupation of south Korea by US imperialism and its aggressive policy are the root cause of all the miseries of our nation, the basic obstacle to the reunification of our country and the constant source of war in Korea. The withdrawal of the US imperialists from south Korea is, therefore, of prime importance in solution of the Korean problem.

The US imperialists are the prime mover of the split of Korea.

The Korean people are a single nation which harmoniously lived with the same language and culture in one and the same territory.

If the US imperialists had not occupied south Korea, the Korean reunification question would on no account have been raised. As a result of the occupation of south Korea by US imperialism, our country was divided into two parts and our people had to suffer greatly from the national split.

From the first days of their occupation of south Korea, the US imperialists enforced a military administration in south Korea and suppressed and dissolved all the organs of people's power which had been set up according to the collective will of the south Korean people. And they established blockade along the 38th parallel, across which free travel had till then been made between the north and south.

This was how our people were forced to suffer a great deal from the national split, unable to travel, exchange correspondence and even get the tidings about the fate of their kith and kin. Worse still, the south Korean people were brought under US imperialist colonial rule to suffer the sorrow of a ruined people.

If the US imperialists quit south Korea now, taking with them all their aggressive armed forces, the country's reunification can be achieved peacefully on democratic principles by the concerted efforts of the people in the north and south.

That is why the pull-out of US imperialism from south Korea is of the first and foremost importance in the settlement of the Korean question.

The US imperialists constitute the basic obstacle to Korea's reunification. This makes their withdrawal from south Korea a prerequisite or a matter of key importance in the settlement of the Korean question.

The Korean reunification question is the one designed to put an end to the national division caused by the foreign forces and restore the severed national bond. It is the internal affair of our nation in every respect.

This explains why no outside force is allowed to meddle in the settlement of this question or bring pressure to bear on anyone to see that a settlement is arrived at.

But the US imperialists have hindered the Korean reunification by keeping south Korea under their occupation for 30 years, and steeped themselves in the fascist repression to such an extent as to arrest and sentence to death the south Korean people if they give mere utterance to reunification. This is without precedent in history.

They did not give up their silly machinations even after the north and south got in touch with each other and started dialogue subsequent to the announcement of the North-South Joint Statement whose keynote is the three principles—independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity. They stated that they "welcomed the north-south dialogue" but, in fact, egged the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique on to the north-south confrontation and brought them to proclaim the "two Koreas" plot to be their "policy". The end result was that they scrapped North-South Joint Statement and led the north-south dialogue to a rupture.

The US imperialists induced the south Korean puppets to file an application for separate entry to the UN at its Security Council and made wildcat attempt to bring it to success, but sustained an ignominious setback. This proves full well how far the US imperialists have gone in their vicious manoeuvres to hinder the Korean reunification.

The US imperialists are none other than a wicked opponent of reunification. This problem can never be solved unless their obstructionist manoeuvres are checked and foiled.

The US imperialist occupation of south Korea is also the constant source of a war in Korea.

Originally, the Korean question is the one intended for national reunion of a temporarily divided nation. It is by no means a problem of who conquering whom.

The US imperialists occupied south Korea and brought her under their colonial rule. This made the Korean question complex.

If the US imperialists pulled out of south Korea now, taking along their aggressive armed forces, there would be no danger of war in Korea.

Nonetheless, they have kept their huge aggressive armed forces permanently stationed in south Korea on a plea of the "prevention of war" in Korea, increased in a big way the south Korean puppet army, their colonial mercenary, "modernized" its equipment and committed incessant military provocations against the northern half of the Republic.

Noteworthy here is that since the events in Indochina they have increased their aggression troops in south Korea by a wide margin, reorganized the chain of operational command, brought in nuclear and other mass destruction weapons on a large scale and placed them in the areas along the Military Demarcation Line in an attempt to put into practice their operational plan newly mapped out with south Korea as a "forward defense area". The situation is therefore so grave that a war may break out in Korea at any time.

Having analyzed the grave situation in Korea resulting from the US imperialist occupation of south Korea, a number of the UN member states submitted to the current 30th Session of the UN General Assembly a joint draft resolution with the problem of pull-out of the US imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea as its basic content.

This is receiving support and approval from an increasing number of countries because it contains the most realistic proposals for the reasonable solution of the Korean question.

Nevertheless, the US imperialists have become even more desperate in their machination to stay on in south Korea in disregard of the people's aspiration, going against the trend of the times.

Their aggressive ambition is revealed more glaringly than ever by their draft resolution recently submitted to the 30th Session of the UN General Assembly.

In the "draft resolution" the US imperialists do not even refer to the withdrawal of their aggressor troops from south Korea, and attach the unreasonable conditions to the question of dissolution of the "UN Command". This virtually means that they have no intention to dissolve even the "UN Command".

In the former days they insisted that they could not withdraw their army from south Korea without a "UN resolution" because it is the "UN Forces". Now that the situation has turned unfavourable to them, they allege that it cannot pull out because it is not the UN Forces but is stationed in south Korea under the "ROK-US Mutual Defence Pact".

Notably, they staged such a tricky farce as to lower the UN flags in their military bases in south Korea these days. This is likewise designed to justify their preposterous allegation that the US army in south Korea is not the "UN Forces".

Their frantic attempt to remain in south Korea will get nowhere. The world's people will never allow them to do so, to say nothing of the Korean people.

The Korean people, unanimously supported and encouraged by the peoples in the third world and other parts of the globe, will never fail to realize the historic cause of national reunification by forcing US imperialists out of south Korea.

Kim Dong Ok

DPRK Foreign Ministry Spokesman

Strongly Urges the USA to Accept without Delay DPRK's Proposal for Withdrawal of All Foreign Troops from South Korea and Replacement of Armistice Agreement with Peace Agreement

A spokesman of the Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a statement on September 25 denouncing US Secretary of State Kissinger who, in his general speech at the UN General Assembly session on September 22, more openly revealed the intention to justify the US troops' occupation of south Korea, create "two Koreas" and thus perpetuate the division of Korea under the name of the socalled "preservation of the Armistice Agreement".

The spokesman said:

Speaking at the 30th UN General Assembly session on September 22, US Secretary of State Kissinger babbled about the continued preservation of the Armistice Agreement in Korea and proposed to the parties concerned of the agreement to convene a conference for discussing "ways" to preserve the Armistice Agreement. He also said he supports the admission of both north and south Korea to the United Nations and if the allies of our Republic establish relations with the south Korean puppets, the United States is ready to take similar action on a "reciprocal" basis.

This "proposal" of the United States is a replica of the "draft resolution" put by the US side before the UN General Assembly on the Korean question on June 27 and the content of a letter sent to the Chairman of the UN Security Council, and there is nothing new in it.

In regard to this question, we made clear the stand of our country through the statement of the DPRK Government dated August 11 and the Memorandum of the Foreign Ministry dated August 17.

An urgent task for converting the armistice into a durable peace in Korea and accelerating its independent and peaceful reunification is, first of all, to force all the foreign troops to withdraw from south Korea and replace the Armistice Agreement with a peace agreement.

The United States, pretending to be interested in the preservation of peace in Korea, is now insisting that the Armistice Agreement should be preserved as it is. This in itself is an inconsistent piffle.

Originally, the Armistice Agreement is no more than a temporary ceasefire agreement and it cannot terminate the state of war or guarantee a durable peace.

Today the armistice in Korea is in a very unstable state owing to the unending sabotages on the part of the United States. To insist on maintaining such state of armistice as it is — this very fact clearly shows that it does not want a durable peace in Korea and a peaceful settlement of the Korean question.

What is more intolerable is that the United States, while proposing to the parties concerned of the Armistice Agreement to convene a conference to discuss "ways to preserve the Armistice Agreement", urged that the south Korean authorities be brought to it.

As for the south Korean authorities, they are not a signatory to the Armistice Agreement and have all along opposed it.

This patently shows that the south Korean authorities can in no way be a party concerned of the Armistice Agreement.

The United States proposed to change the parties concerned of the Armistice Agreement, while announcing that it would dissolve the "UN Command." This cannot be an object of discussion from the beginning. Also untenable is the assertion that the Armistice Agreement must be maintained as a means of preserving a durable peace.

If a durable peace is to be guaranteed in Korea, the unstable Armistice Agreement must not be preserved as it is but be replaced by a peace agreement.

The Chinese People's Volunteers completely withdrew from Korea long ago and "the UN Forces" present in south Korea today are none other than the US troops. Therefore, the question of replacing the Armistice Agreement with a peace agreement is one that must be solved between our country and the United States which hold real power.

The US side tries to keep the present unstable state of armistice though our side proposed to convert the armistice into a durable peace in Korea. In the final analysis, this shows with increasing clarity that the United States refuses to give up its aggressive design on Korea and schemes to aggravate the tension in Korea, justify the US troops' occupation of south Korea and create "two Koreas" to perpetuate the division of Korea.

This time the United States babbled that both north and south Korea should be admitted to the United Nations and that if the allies of our Republic establish relations with south Korea, it is ready to open relations with our country on a "reciprocal" basis. This is nothing but a crafty move to realize the "two Koreas" plot by hook or by crook.

Such scheme of the United States will be approved by no one.

The United States must act discreetly, realistically approaching the fair and aboveboard proposal already made by our side concerning the question of converting the armistice into a durable peace in Korea.

If the US authorities persistently defy our peaceloving proposal and refuse to accept it, they will be unable to escape a heavier setback.

South Korean Puppets Unveil Themselves

The Pak Jung Hi clique's "application for admission to the UN" was again voted down at the UN Security Council on September 27. Their "UN strategy" designed to "internationalize" their "two Koreas" plot ended in a fiasco soon after the UN General Assembly session opened. Concurrent with this, the south Korean puppets were loosing a flood of ugly invectives against the third world.

They set their reptile propaganda machines in motion to rave: "Now that the non-aligned forces have a majority in the UN, it has turned into a pandemonium good for nothing," "the 42 member states are calling for the withdrawal of the US troops in an attempt to bring south Korea under the communist rule", "the non-aligned forces have degenerated" and the UN is "used as the theatre of cold war", and so on.

All these smear campaigns are either to provoke the third world point-blank or are directed to it.

This shows that the puppets are in a serious crisis and are isolated further still.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The present south Korean rulers, who have become the only imperialist puppets left in Asia, are now trembling in the grip of fear that the day is not far off when they will fall down like a horsehair hat with no strings to hold it on."

At present the south Korean puppets' ruling system has become quite precarious. The US imperialists, their "almighty" mainstay, are now being driven out from one place after another in Asia.

This is causing irresistible fear and anxiety to the internationally-isolated puppets.

In a desperate move to find a way out of the impasse they went to Lima and tried to join in the rank of the third world by disguising themselves as its "friend" and paying a mere lip service to it.

That seems to have happened yesterday, but now they showed their fangs again to attack the third world with rancour.

It is known well that the Pak Jung Hi clique who serve the US imperialists as a tool for their colonial policy are the heinous enemy of the third world, a powerful motive force in the progress of human history.

Here is another proof of this.

When the 62nd General Meeting of the Inter-Parliamentary Union recently held at London adopted a resolution demanding the Israeli aggressor troops to withdraw from all the Arab territories, the Pak Jung Hi clique opposed it, blabbing that it is a "resolution reproving Israel alone" and is an outcome of the "illicit tie-up of Arab and communist blocs".

This is how they have unveiled themselves.

It was natural that the UN member states dealt a series of blows at the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique by turning down their "application for admission to the UN" at the Security Council and, moreover, frustrating the intrigue to win preferential right to the discussion of the "resolution" of the US side at the Steering Committee.

There is no way out for the Pak Jung Hi clique, however desperately they may try.

Ryu Gye Hwan

Despicable Preparations of Traitor Pak Jung Hi, Lone Puppet, to Flee Abroad

A lone puppet Pak Jung Hi, the traitor on his last legs, is now hurrying with his preparations to flee abroad before anyone else, gripped by extreme anxiety and fear.

According to a report, this traitor bought already 400,000 *pyong* of land (one *pyong* is six feet square) in the Nasu District, Tochigi Prefecture, Japan, to flee abroad in case of "eventuality".

Pak Jung Hi the rascal reportedly used the name of a Korean resident in Japan under the influence of the "ROK Residents Association in Japan" ("Mindan") to conceal that the land is his ownership. He instructed the "Tokyo Branch of the Hanguk Foreign Exchange Bank" to give a certification of payment to the Fixed Property Bank of Japan to make it loan out a huge amount of money to Chong Gon Yong, Chairman of "Tongsonghoe," a terrorist organization under the influence of "Mindan," who bought the land in his name.

It is widely known to the south Korean people that traitor Pak Jung Hi has already bought a 22-storeyed building "Korea Centre" and a big hotel and a large acreage of land in the United States to flee to the United States in the hour of peril.

The south Korean people, indignant at such despicable preparations of the traitor to flee abroad, are raising higher their voices of denunciation.

(KCNA)

Audacious Challenge

The "US 8th Army Command" in south Korea reportedly announced these days that the "makeshift barracks" of the US imperialist aggression troops occupying south Korea are being replaced with "permanent barracks" from early September.

Earlier, the US imperialists lowered the UN flag in the bases of their armed forces in south Korea and, with the UN debate on the Korean question closer at hand, they started building the barracks of their aggressor troops in south Korea. This reveals in all its nakedness their ulterior motive to stay on there whatever resolution may be adopted at the current UN General Assembly session.

A few years ago the US imperialists insisted that their army could not withdraw from south Korea without a "UN resolution" because it was the "UN Forces". But as the tables were turned against them at the UN in recent years, they harped on a balderdash that they cannot pull back their army from south Korea because it is not the "UN forces" but is stationed there under the "ROK-US Mufual Defence Pact." This is well known to the public.

They had the presumptuous audacity to challenge those who strongly demanded the withdrawal of the US imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea at the rostrum of the current UN session. Now came their announcement about the construction of the "permanent barracks". This means that they are foolish enough to try by hook or by crook to make it a fait accompli that their troops in south Korea are not the "UN Forces".

This is, indeed, an absurd logic which can be advocated only by such gangsters as the US imperialists and an act going against the trend of the times in which the pull-out of the US imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea is being urged.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The United States wants to take hold on south Korea for ever as a major stronghold to save its colonial ruling system which is going into total bankruptcy in Asia."

The aim the US imperialists are pursuing in their devil-may-care attempt not to quit south Korea in disregard of the demand of the times is to indefinitely ensconce themselves in south Korea and continue their machinations for aggression and war against the whole of Korea and other parts of Asia in accordance with their aggressive "new Asia strategy".

But, this is a silly daydream.

The US imperialists must pull out from south Korea, taking with them their aggressive armed forces before it is too late.

If they continue to occupy south Korea and ignite an aggressive war at last despite of the repeated warnings of our people and the other peoples of the world, they will undoubtedly sustain even more crushing defeat.

Kim Pyong

S. Korean Military Gang Commit War Exercise on East Sea

The Pak Jung Hi military fascist bandits, getting more frantic in their preparations for a new war at the bidding of the US imperialist aggressors, are now staging again a large-scale war exercise on the East Sea by mobilizing the puppet naval force, according to a report from south Korea.

It was reported that they carried out firing exercises of the puppet naval vessels in the vast region of the East Sea between noon and 6 on the afternoon of September 21 and 22 and would conduct such war gambles again on September 26 and 27.

This criminal racket is part of their planned moves to coil up tension and bring the situation closer to the brink of war.

The provocative war gambles of the Pak Jung Hi clique have become more intensified with the frequent tour of the US imperialist bellicose elements to south Korea.

In last September they waged one large-scale war exercise after another around Koje-do island of the South Sea, and on the area south of Ochong-do island of the West Sea, and in an island west of Kunsan, North Cholla Province.

(KCNA)

S. Korean Puppet Thugs Arrest Scores of Patriotic Students and Plot to Impose Brutal Penalties upon Them

The Pak Jung Hi thugs arrested in secrecy south Korean patriotic students and a pressman, 25 in all, who had opposed their "emergency measures No. 9", a hideous fascist repressive order, and are brutally persecuting them, according to a report of "Asahi Shimbun" as quoted by KNS in Tokyo.

The report said that the arrested students had planned to "rebuild an organisation to resist emergency measures No. 9" after the Pak Jung Hi gang, a pack of murderers, issued it in May.

After arresting the students and pressman, the puppet fascist gang put them to brutal tortures every day and left no means untried to invent "charges" against them and referred to murderous trials "all the leading figures" among them twice, on September 5 and 10, on charges of "violation of emergency measures No. 9".

They include Li Sin Bom, Editor of "The Bell of Freedom"—an underground newspaper widely read among the students of the Seoul University—and a number of students of the Seoul University, the Yonse University, the Koryo University, the Rihwa Women's University, the Chungang University, the Foreign Languages College, the "Hanguk Theological College," and so on. Referred to the murderous trial with them was Li Bu Yong, a journalist of the Cultural Section of "Tonga Ilbo," who had fought undauntedly against the brutal suppression of the newspaper by the puppet fascist gang and for the freedom of the press.

Their fighting ranks also include students of such local universities of south Korea as the Kangwon University and Kyongbuk University, the report remarked.

"Asahi Shimbun" said that "this case is likely to cause a big stir as the 'second case of the Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy'".

This indicates that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, thrown into a state of thorough discomfiture by the daily growing anti-fascist, anti-"government" advance of the south Korean people, are getting more frantic in their efforts to get out of the hopeless crisis by intensifying sanguinary repression.

Song Sin

US Imperialism: Most Heinous Enemy of African People

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"US imperialism is the most ferocious and shameless aggressor and plunderer of modern times and the principal enemy of all progressive peoples of the world." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Eng. ed., Vol. V, p. 489.)

US imperialism, the chieftain of world reaction and ferocious enemy of mankind, is committing criminal atrocities, stretching its tentacles of aggression into all parts and all countries of the world.

Almost all countries, big or small, in the world have been subjected to the US imperialists' direct invasion, infringement upon sovereignty and military threat. The African countries are also no exception.

After World War Two the US imperialists' gangsterlike ambition for world domination began to grow as never before.

The US imperialists who had placed the Latin American countries under their control dispatched their aggressive armed forces to all areas of Asia and began to gradually extend their aggressive claws to the African continent.

When Egypt nationalized the Suez Canal in 1956 the US imperialists instigated the British and French imperialists to start armed attack on Egypt together with Israel on the pretext of "protecting concessions". Thus they embarked upon launching aggression on this continent on a full scale. However, their crafty aggressive manoeuvres were checked and frustrated by the people of Egypt and the people of the whole world.

Taking advantage of the instable position of the European colonialists, their Western "allies" in Africa, the tricky US imperialists penetrated into the newborn independent countries, disguising themselves as "friends" of the African people on the pretext of giving "assistance" and "cooperation" and interfered in the internal affairs of these countries.

From the moment they set foot on the African continent after the war, they resorted to ferocious machinations to trample down the sovereignty of the newly independent countries, plunder them of natural resources, disintegrate them from within, distract these countries from the road of independent development and stifle the national liberation struggle of the people.

They kept the Central Intelligence Agency, a great espionage and conspiratorial machinery with 14,000 of plotters and over 100,000 of spies, saboteurs and subversive elements, squandering an enormous amount of funds—8,000-10,000 million dollars—and sent members of the "special units" to a number of countries of the world so as to disintegrate them from within. In the postwar years alone, they invented no less than 100 military coups in newborn independent states in Asia, Africa and Latin America and tried their hardest to suppress and stamp out the people's struggle for freedom, independence and democracy.

In accordance with their aggressive strategy of world domination, the US imperialists committed acts of direct armed intervention in Africa. At the same time, they, getting the CIA on the move, dispatched to the countries on this continent secret agents under the cloak of "diplomat", "advisory group" and "mission" and "peace corps" members, scouts of aggression, in the guise of "professor", "specialist" and "doctor".

Meanwhile, bosses of the US imperialists did everything in their power to disseminate the US-worship and anti-communist ideas and corrupt immorality and depravity of the Yankee brand with the "embassies", "relay stations of Voice of America" and "US Information Service" (USIS) as the basis. On the other hand, they bribed right-wing reactionaries to concoct counterrevolutionary coups in a number of countries.

The US imperialists attempted to occupy Zanzibar by infiltrating their Sixth Fleet into the territorial Waters of Tanzania in 1964. They induced the Israeli aggressor troops to start an armed attack on Egypt and other countries in 1967. The US imperialists who are accustomed to weave plots egged the Portuguese colonialists on to perpetrate armed invasion against Guinea in 1970. They backed up the colonialists for ten years in suppressing the peoples of Mozambique, Angola and Guinea-Bissau.

During the period from May 1969 to March 1970, they, setting in motion their scouts and hirelings, plotted for coups and raised armed rebellions on over 10 occasions in Sudan. They infiltrated conspirators into Somalia to commit espionage activities and sabotages for eight years.

No country in Africa—Nigeria, Ghana, Algeria, Senegal, Lesotho, Malagasy, etc—is free from the US imperialists' plots in the political, military, economic and cultural fields.

In June this year they brewed a reactionary coup against the present government in Zaire but was exposed and smashed in advance. All the political and military plots of the US imperialists were shattered to pieces at every step by the resolute struggle of the peoples of this continent.

The Somalian government expelled all the members of the "peace corps" of US imperialism from Somalia and frustrated the counter-revolutionary coup plot framed by the domestic reactionaries at the instigation of US imperialism. The Sudanese government smashed the counterrevolutionary elements who had raised armed rebellions at the instigation of US imperialism and drove out all the US "diplomats" from Sudan.

The Algerian government blockaded the US imperialists' economic infiltration. The Tanzanian government expelled from Tanzania the "journalists" on the payroll of the US imperialists. Many countries in Africa broke off diplomatic relations with the United States or took sanctions against the conspirators, thereby dealing heavy blows to US imperialist strategy for aggression on the African continent.

Today most countries in Africa have been freed from the influence of US imperialism. They are now standing firm in the ranks of anti-imperialism, anti-US struggle of the third world and advancing along the road of independent development, strengthening their unity and cooperation.

The US imperialists sustained repeated blows and met with failure in succession, but their aggressive nature remains unchanged.

They are threatening and blackmailing the oil producing countries in Africa, saying that they will occupy the oil fields by force of arms. They are providing the racists of South Africa and Rhodesia with lethal weapons, thereby endangering the neighbouring countries. They are forcing the economically weak countries to accept their aggressive policy, threateningly saying that they will stop giving "assistance".

With no political plot and blackmail at the point of the bayonet can the US imperialists bring the African people to their knees and frighten them.

No force on earth can bar the road ahead of the African people who are standing firm in the ranks of the third world people, holding high the banner of anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle.

Yun Ri

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